## INTERPRETATION OF STATUTORY BOARD FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARD

## **INT SB-FRS 32**

# Intangible Assets—Web Site Costs Illustrative Example

This Guidance is applicable for annual reporting period beginning on 1 January 2023.

## Illustrative example

This example accompanies, but is not part of, INT SB-FRS 32. Its purpose is to illustrate examples of expenditure that occur during each of the stages described in paragraphs 2 and 3 of INT SB-FRS 32 and illustrate application of INT SB-FRS 32 to assist in clarifying its meaning. It is not intended to be a comprehensive checklist of expenditure that might be incurred.

### **Example application of INT SB-FRS 32**

Stage	e/nature of expenditure	Accounting treatment
Planning		
	undertaking feasibility studies	Recognise as an expense when incurred in accordance with SB-FRS 38.54
•	defining hardware and software specifications	
•	evaluating alternative products and suppliers	
•	selecting preferences	
Application and infrastructure development		
•	purchasing or developing hardware	Apply the requirements of SB-FRS 16
	obtaining a domain name	Recognise as an expense when incurred, unless the expenditure can be directly attributed to
•	developing operating software (eg operating system and server software)	preparing the web site to operate in the manner intended by management, and the web site meets the recognition criteria in SB-FRS 38.21 and SB-FRS 38.57 <sup>(a)</sup>
	developing code for the application	FNO 30.37 <sup>(4)</sup>
•	installing developed applications on the web server	
•	stress testing	
Graphical design development		
•	designing the appearance (eg layout and colour) of web pages	Recognise as an expense when incurred, unless the expenditure can be directly attributed to preparing the web site to operate in the manner intended by management, and the web site meets the recognition criteria in SB-FRS 38.21 and SB-FRS 38.57 <sup>(a)</sup> continued

#### ...continued

#### Stage/nature of expenditure

#### **Accounting treatment**

#### Content development

 creating, purchasing, preparing (eg creating links and identifying tags), and uploading information, either textual or graphical in nature, on the web site before the completion of the web site's development. Examples of content include information about an entity, products or services offered for sale, and topics that subscribers access Recognise as an expense when incurred in accordance with SB-FRS 38.69(c) to the extent that content is developed to advertise and promote an entity's own products and services (eg digital photographs of products). Otherwise, recognise as an expense when incurred, unless the expenditure can be directly attributed to preparing the web site to operate in the manner intended by management, and the web site meets the recognition criteria in SB-FRS 38.21 and SB-FRS 38.57<sup>(a)</sup>

#### **Operating**

- updating graphics and revising content
- adding new functions, features and content
- registering the web site with search engines
- backing up data
- reviewing security access
- analysing usage of the web site

Assess whether it meets the definition of an intangible asset and the recognition criteria set out in SB-FRS 38.18, in which case the expenditure is recognised in the carrying amount of the web site asset

#### Other

- selling, administrative and other general overhead expenditure unless it can be directly attributed to preparing the web site for use to operate in the manner intended by management
- clearly identified inefficiencies and initial operating losses incurred before the web site achieves planned performance [eg false start testing]
- training employees to operate the web site

Recognise as an expense when incurred in accordance with SB-FRS 38.65–.70

(a) All expenditure on developing a web site solely or primarily for promoting and advertising an entity's own products and services is recognised as an expense when incurred in accordance with SB-FRS 38.68.