
**STATUTORY BOARD FINANCIAL
REPORTING STANDARD**

**SB-FRS 39 &
SB-FRS 107**
Amendments

Reclassification of Financial Assets

Amendments to SB-FRS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and SB-FRS 107 Financial Instruments: Disclosures

Reclassification of Financial Assets (Amendments to SB-FRS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and SB-FRS 107 Financial Instruments: Disclosures) was issued in November 2008.

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**RECLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (AMENDMENTS TO SB-FRS 39
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS: RECOGNITION AND MEASUREMENT AND SB-FRS
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AMENDMENTS TO SB-FRS 39

AMENDMENTS TO SB-FRS 107

STATUTORY BOARD FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARD

SB-FRS 39 & SB-FRS 107 Amendments

Reclassification of Financial Assets (Amendments to SB-FRS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* and SB-FRS 107 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*)

Amendments to SB-FRS 39

In the Introduction, a heading and paragraph IN8A are added.

Introduction

Reclassifications

IN8A An amendment to the Standard, issued in November 2008, permits an entity to reclassify non-derivative financial assets (other than those designated at fair value through profit or loss by the entity upon initial recognition) out of the fair value through profit or loss category in particular circumstances. The amendment also permits an entity to transfer from the available-for-sale category to the loans and receivables category a financial asset that would have met the definition of loans and receivables (if the financial asset had not been designated as available for sale), if the entity has the intention and ability to hold that financial asset for the foreseeable future.

Paragraph 50 is amended (new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through) and paragraphs 50B–50F and 103H are added.

Measurement

Reclassifications

50 An entity:

- (a) shall not reclassify a derivative ~~financial instrument into or~~ out of the fair value through profit or loss category while it is held or issued;
- (b) shall not reclassify any financial instrument out of the fair value through profit or loss category if upon initial recognition it was designated by the entity as at fair value through profit or loss; and
- (c) may, if a financial asset is no longer held for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term (notwithstanding that the financial asset may have been acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term), reclassify that financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category if the requirements in paragraph 50B or

50D are met.

An entity shall not reclassify any financial instrument into the fair value through profit or loss category after initial recognition.

- 50B A financial asset to which paragraph 50(c) applies (except a financial asset of the type described in paragraph 50D) may be reclassified out of the fair value through profit or loss category only in rare circumstances.
- 50C If an entity reclassifies a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category in accordance with paragraph 50B, the financial asset shall be reclassified at its fair value on the date of reclassification. Any gain or loss already recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed. The fair value of the financial asset on the date of reclassification becomes its new cost or amortised cost, as applicable.
- 50D A financial asset to which paragraph 50(c) applies that would have met the definition of loans and receivables (if the financial asset had not been required to be classified as held for trading at initial recognition) may be reclassified out of the fair value through profit or loss category if the entity has the intention and ability to hold the financial asset for the foreseeable future or until maturity.
- 50E A financial asset classified as available for sale that would have met the definition of loans and receivables (if it had not been designated as available for sale) may be reclassified out of the available-for-sale category to the loans and receivables category if the entity has the intention and ability to hold the financial asset for the foreseeable future or until maturity.
- 50F If an entity reclassifies a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category in accordance with paragraph 50D or out of the available-for-sale category in accordance with paragraph 50E, it shall reclassify the financial asset at its fair value on the date of reclassification. For a financial asset reclassified in accordance with paragraph 50D, any gain or loss already recognised in profit or loss shall not be reversed. The fair value of the financial asset on the date of reclassification becomes its new cost or amortised cost, as applicable. For a financial asset reclassified out of the available-for-sale category in accordance with paragraph 50E, any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognised in other comprehensive income in accordance with paragraph 55(b) shall be accounted for in accordance with paragraph 54.

Effective date and transition

- 103H *Reclassification of Financial Assets* (Amendments to SB-FRS 39 and SB-FRS 107), issued in November 2008, amended paragraphs 50 and AG8, and added paragraphs 50B–50F. An entity shall apply those amendments from 1 July 2008. An entity shall not reclassify a financial asset in accordance with paragraph 50B, 50D or 50E before 1 July 2008. Any reclassification of a financial asset made in periods beginning on or after 1 November 2008 shall take effect only from the date when the reclassification is made. Any reclassification of a financial asset in accordance with paragraph 50B, 50D or 50E shall not be applied retrospectively to reporting periods ended before the effective date set out in this paragraph.

In Appendix A <i>Application guidance</i> , paragraph AG8 is amended (new text is underlined).
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Effective interest rate

- AG8 If an entity revises its estimates of payments or receipts, the entity shall adjust the carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability (or group of financial instruments) to reflect actual and revised estimated cash flows. The entity recalculates the carrying amount by computing the present value of estimated future cash flows at the financial instrument's original effective interest rate. The adjustment is recognised as income or expense in profit or

loss. If a financial asset is reclassified in accordance with paragraph 50B, 50D or 50E, and the entity subsequently increases its estimates of future cash receipts as a result of increased recoverability of those cash receipts, the effect of that increase shall be recognised as an adjustment to the effective interest rate from the date of the change in estimate rather than as an adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset at the date of the change in estimate.

Amendments to SB-FRS 107

Paragraph 12 is amended (new text is underlined and deleted text is struck through) and paragraphs 12A and 44E are added.

Significance of financial instruments for financial position and performance

Statement of financial position

Reclassification

12 If the entity has reclassified a financial asset (in accordance with paragraphs 51–54 of SB-FRS 39) as one measured:

- (a) at cost or amortised cost, rather than fair value; or
- (b) at fair value, rather than at cost or amortised cost,

it shall disclose the amount reclassified into and out of each category and the reason for that reclassification ~~(see paragraphs 51–54 of SB-FRS 39)~~.

12A If the entity has reclassified a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category in accordance with paragraph 50B or 50D of SB-FRS 39 or out of the available-for-sale category in accordance with paragraph 50E of SB-FRS 39, it shall disclose:

- (a) the amount reclassified into and out of each category;
- (b) for each reporting period until derecognition, the carrying amounts and fair values of all financial assets that have been reclassified in the current and previous reporting periods;
- (c) if a financial asset was reclassified in accordance with paragraph 50B, the rare situation, and the facts and circumstances indicating that the situation was rare;
- (d) for the reporting period when the financial asset was reclassified, the fair value gain or loss on the financial asset recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income in that reporting period and in the previous reporting period;
- (e) for each reporting period following the reclassification (including the reporting period in which the financial asset was reclassified) until derecognition of the financial asset, the fair value gain or loss that would have been recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income if the financial asset had not been reclassified, and the gain, loss, income and expense recognised in profit or loss; and
- (f) the effective interest rate and estimated amounts of cash flows the entity expects to recover, as at the date of reclassification of the financial asset.

Effective date and transition

- 44E *Reclassification of Financial Assets* (Amendments to SB-FRS 39 and SB-FRS 107), issued in November 2008, amended paragraph 12 and added paragraph 12A. An entity shall apply those amendments from 1 July 2008.